

**Buchan House**  
943 Landslide Road



Source: <http://historicplaces.ca/>

The Buchan House, named after the family that owned it for many years, is the remains of a settler's log cabin. It is an example of traditional early Canadian timber construction. It is the only known locally surviving hand-hewn, square-log building in Sault Ste. Marie.

**Herrick Street**  
34-36 Herrick Street

Built in Second Empire style, the official style popular in France and its colonies during the reign of Napoleon III, the building's most noticeable feature is its steep-sided mansard roof.

Arguably the first known brick-faced house constructed in Sault Ste. Marie, it pre-dates, by almost a decade, the emergence of the Sault as an industrial centre.



Source: saultsmarie.ca

**Algonquin Hotel**  
864 Queen Street East

Designed by the Sault Ste. Marie Michigan architect J. B. Sweatt, the Algonquin Hotel is a reminder of the hotels which clustered around the Sault's three docks to serve the arriving settlers and workers. The brick addition on the Queen Street side was originally a two-storey wooden verandah with steps up to the main level.



Source: saultsmarie.ca

**Dawson Block**  
708-714 Queen Street East

The Dawson Block is a fine example of local sandstone construction, and is closely associated with the commercial history of Sault Ste. Marie and with one of the city's pioneer families. Originally three stories high, the third floor was destroyed by a fire in 1953.



Source: saultsmarie.ca

**Buchan House**



**1884**

**Algonquin Hotel**



**1888**

**Herrick Street**



**1889**

**North West Company lock**



**1896**

**Dawson Block**



**1898**

**Consolidated Lake Superior Company**



**1899**

# Heritage Properties in Sault Ste. Marie 1884 – 1899

**Sault Ste. Marie Pulp & Paper Company Machine Shop**  
85 Huron Street



Source: saultsmarie.ca



Source: saultsmarie.ca

**Consolidated Lake Superior Company General Office Building**  
75 Huron Street

Built by industrialist Francis H. Clergue, this is one of the finest examples in Ontario of Richardsonian Romanesque architecture in an industrial context.

Features of this architectural style include round arched openings and massive rough faced masonry.

**North West Company Lock**  
75 Huron Street

The original lock was built in 1797 by the North West Company to move canoes and bateaux downriver from Lake Superior, and is the oldest link in Sault Ste. Marie to the fur trade.



Source: saultsmarie.ca

The lock was burned in 1814 during the War of 1812. A replica of the original lock was restored on its remains in 1896 by Francis H. Clergue.

van Haaften, J. (2018, June). *Heritage properties in Sault Ste. Marie 1884-1899*. Sault Ste. Marie, ON.: City of Sault Ste. Marie Municipal Heritage Committee